U.S. Assumes the Israelis Have A-Bomb or Its Parts

By HEDRICK SMITH Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, July 17-For at least two years the United States Government has been conducting its Middle East Foreign Relations Committees, to any such time delay, acpolicy on the assumption that Israel either possesses an something I can't talk about." Is absence of any reference to any such time delay, according to well-informed sources, indicated the official belief atomic bomb or has component parts available for quick as- Israel has taken the public po-

Throughout this period there has been some disagreement among senior Government officials over whether the evidence ficials are said to have told cials over whether the evidence metals are said to have the this ic weapons, informants said, had access to information on for that assumption is abso-means Israel will not be the the United States cannot say the French atomic tests, it was means Israel will not be the United States cannot say the French atomic tests, it was means Israel will not be the United States cannot say the French atomic tests, it was tered at times on such narrow technicalities as the "last-wire sources.

weapon before the last wire or piece of the mechanism is hooked up.

Both former President Lyndon B. Johnson and President Nixon are understood, however, to have received intelligence as sessments that Israel has the capacity to assemble an atomic bomb on short notice and that sessments that Israel has the capacity to assemble an atomic bomb on short notice and that some senior officials believe she united States Government has been so sensitive to the grave implications of the issue that it has not developed a fully coordinated national intelligence estimate, which would circulate within the Government, that says directly that Israel does have atomic weapons.

The Nixon Administration, though obviously mindful of the situation in the Middle East, is clear arms would pose for the piece of the mechanism is identificated and president Lyndon Pres

that if such a weapon was not already in being, it was "within very easy range," one highly placed source reported.

The renewed efforts of The New York Times to examine this question were prompted by comments on television last Sunday by Senator Stuart Symington. Appearing on the Co-lumbia Broadcasting System program "Face the Nation," the Missouri Approved Fore Release 2001/03/04 wac Asppes 2016018000300130003-5 felt that there was no question conveyed to the Senate Pot 24-megawatt nuclear reaction officials that Israel is doing its best to develop nuclear weapons."

When asked point - blank whether Israel now has atomic bombs, Mr. Symington, a member of the Armed Services, and The absence of any reference

Israel Position Given

sembly, reliable sources report, sition that she is not a nuclear power and that she will not be the first state to introduce nuclear arms into the Middle East. Privately, responsible Israeli oflutely conclusive. But this dis- literally literally literally conclusive. But this dis- literally literally literally conclusive agreement has reportedly central atomic arms. This could be a literally literally need to test her own. not be confirmed with Israeli

estimate, which would circulate within the Government, that says directly that Israel does have atomic weapons.

As long ago as 1968 the White House had no doubt that Israel could produce an atomic lisrael could produce an atomic lisrael could produce an atomic lisrael had atomic arms. Ameriform bomb or warhead for her French-built surface missile and that if such a weapon was not listael was not listael to have some of them equipped Israel is reported to have paid with racks for nuclear bombs.

The presumption here is that the Johnson Administration surface missiles, nicknamed the rejected the request. Some of "Jericho" by American intelligence. With a range of 280 miles, this missile could reach from Israel to the Egyptian heart-listael had atomic arms. Ameriform Israel had atomic arms. Ameriform listael was arming here. Solf with atomic weapons.

Circumstantial Evidence Cited land, to virtually all of Sylvania and western Iraq. can officials believe that Mos-Circumstantial Evidence Cited land, to virtually all of Sylcow, fearful of the grave risks Included in the circumstantial, Jordan, northern Saudi to the world of a Middle East-tial evidence cited by these Arabia and western Iraq. ern nuclear race, would be sources was the following intextremely reluctant to take formation: Reports dating back such a step. The United States to 1963 that the Israeli Government Tel Aviv for manufactur assessment is that without disconnected by these Arabia and western Iraq. In the contract of the property of the sources was the following interpretation of the country in the sources was the following interpretation of the grave risks. The United States to 1963 that the Israeli Government Tel Aviv for manufactur assessment is that without disconnected to developing solid propellants and entired the property of the property ion, no Arab country is close with the Marcel Dassault Avia-

eign Relations Committee by Dimona, which Israeli officials Richard Helms, Director of the said at first was a textile plant

the technical capacity to make atomic weapons. In the early and middle sixties, such estimates were reportedly qualified by the proviso that Israel had the capacity to produce such weapons in 12 to 18 months, then later 6 to 9 months, and

material and the mechanisms ready for rapid assembly, if not actual weapons as well.

Short of direct acknowledgement from the Israeli Government or independent intelligence information verifying the existence of Israeli atom-

size that there are no indica- 1962 that parameters mid- ficials Nonetheless, some American 1968 that persuasive evidence that Israel's surface missile pro-

to developing nuclear weapons, tion Company of France for 25 surface missiles, designated the Somber Appraisal Reported MD-660 or MD-620, and ca-Reliable sources reported pable of carrying warheads of that a somber appraisal of 1,000 to 1,200 pounds; French

Central Intelligence Agency at before later acknowledging its a closed-door hearing on July 7. real function; reports credited Mr. Helms was reported to here that Israel was buying have said that the American uranium oxide and other raw estimate was that Israel has the technical capacity to make sibly Africa for her nuclearfission process at Dimona; re-peated reports that some Is-raeli officials were hinting or saying privately that Israel had or would soon have atomic weapons, though these remarks could never be verified.

Before the Arab-Israeli war in June, 1967, United States officials had information that Israeli scientists had collaborated closely with French experts in former President Charles de Gaulle's program to develop French atomic weapons.

The American judgment was that Israel was rewarded for her contributions to the French program, both with missile contracts and with secret help for the Israeli atomic-weapons program. If Israeli scientists

weapons. American concluded reportedly

continued

STATINT